

Recombinant Mouse GDF5 Protein

For Research Use Only

1. Basic Product Information

Catalog No.: REP51421

Size: 10ug, 100ug

Protein Name: Growth/differentiation factor 5 (GDF-5) (Bone morphogenetic protein 14) (BMP-14)

Synonym: Gdf5, Bmp14, Bp, Gdf-5

UniProt ID: P43027

UniProt Link: www.uniprot.org/uniprotkb/P43027/entry

Species Source: Mouse

Expression System: HEK293T eukaryotic cell expression system Sequence

Length: 495 AA

Molecular Weight: 55 KD

Protein Tag: C-terminal His6

2. Amino Acid Sequence

MRLPKLLTLLLWHLAWLDLELICTVLGAPDLGQRTPGAKPGLTKAEAKERPPLARNVFRPGGHIYGV
GATNARAKGSSGQTQAKKDEPRKMPPRSGGPETKPGPSSQTRQAAARTVTPKGQLPGGKASSKA
GSAPSSFLLKKTREPGTPREPKEPFRPPPITPHEYMLSLYRTLSDADRKGGNSSVKLEAGLANTITSF
IDKGQDDRGPVAVRKQRYVFDISALEKDGLLGAELRILRKKPLDVAKPAVPSSGRVAQLKLSSCPSGR
QPAALLDVRSVPGLDGSGWEVFDIWKLFRNFKNSAQLCLELEAWERGRAVDLRLGLGFERTARQVH
EKALFLVFGRTKKRDLFFNEIKARSGQDDKTVYEYLFSSQRRKRRAPLANRQGKRPSKNLKARCSRK
ALHVNFKDMGWDDWIIAPLEYEAFHCEGLCEFPLRSHLEPTNHAVIQTLMNSMDPESTPPTCCVPTR
LSPISILFIDSANNVYKQYEDMVVESCGR

3. Buffer Composition

Liquid format: PBS-based buffer containing 50% glycerol. Glycerol concentration can be customized upon customer request; please state special requirements when placing your order.

Lyophilized format: Buffer before lyophilization is PBS supplemented with 6% trehalose.

4. Storage Conditions

Upon receipt, store the product at -20 °C or -80 °C. Aliquot the product for on-demand use to preserve protein activity and prevent denaturation and inactivation caused by repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

5. Product Description

This product is recombinant Growth/differentiation factor 5 (GDF-5) (Bone morphogenetic protein 14) (BMP-14) produced using the HEK293T eukaryotic cell expression system. It is suitable for in-vitro functional assays, protein-protein interaction studies, antibody preparation and other biomedical research applications.

Protein Function: Growth factor involved in bone and cartilage formation. During cartilage development regulates differentiation of chondrogenic tissue through two pathways. Firstly, positively regulates differentiation of chondrogenic tissue through its binding of high affinity with BMPR1B and of less affinity with BMPR1A, leading to induction of SMAD1-SMAD5-SMAD8 complex phosphorylation and then SMAD protein signaling transduction (By similarity). Secondly, negatively regulates chondrogenic differentiation through its interaction with NOG (By similarity). Required to prevent excessive muscle loss upon denervation. This function requires SMAD4 and is mediated by phosphorylated SMAD1/5/8 (PubMed:24076600). Binds bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS) and mediates LPS-induced inflammatory response, including TNF secretion by monocytes (By similarity).

Subcellular Localization: Secreted . Cell membrane .

6. Notes

- Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles to maintain protein stability and biological activity.
- Please specify special buffer-composition requirements at the time of order placement.
- For research use only. Not intended for clinical diagnosis, therapeutic use or commercial manufacturing.