

Recombinant Rat CXL10 Protein

For Research Use Only

1. Basic Product Information

Catalog No.: REP52371

Size: 10ug, 100ug

Protein Name: C-X-C motif chemokine 10 (10 kDa interferon gamma-induced protein) (Gamma-IP10) (IP-10) (Interferon-inducible protein 10) (Protein Mob-1) (Small-inducible cytokine B10)

Synonym: Cxcl10, Inp10, Mob1, Scyb10

UniProt ID: P48973

UniProt Link: www.uniprot.org/uniprotkb/P48973/entry

Species Source: Rat

Expression System: HEK293T eukaryotic cell expression system Sequence

Length: 98 AA

Molecular Weight: 11 KD

Protein Tag: C-terminal His6

2. Amino Acid Sequence

MNPSAAVVLCLVLLSLSGTQGIPLARTVRCTCIDFHEQPLRPRAIGKLEIIPASLSCPHVEIIATMKKNN
EKRCNPESEAIKSLLKAVSQRRSKRAP

3. Buffer Composition

Liquid format: PBS-based buffer containing 50% glycerol. Glycerol concentration can be customized upon customer request; please state special requirements when placing your order.

Lyophilized format: Buffer before lyophilization is PBS supplemented with 6% trehalose.

4. Storage Conditions

Upon receipt, store the product at -20 °C or -80 °C. Aliquot the product for on-demand use to preserve protein activity and prevent denaturation and inactivation caused by repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

5. Product Description

This product is recombinant C-X-C motif chemokine 10 (10 kDa interferon gamma-induced protein) (Gamma-IP10) (IP-10) (Interferon-inducible protein 10) (Protein Mob-1) (Small-inducible cytokine B10) produced using the HEK293T eukaryotic cell expression system. It is suitable for in-vitro functional assays, protein-protein interaction studies, antibody preparation and other biomedical research applications.

Protein Function: Pro-inflammatory cytokine that is involved in a wide variety of processes such as chemotaxis, differentiation, and activation of peripheral immune cells, regulation of cell growth, apoptosis and modulation of angiostatic effects (By similarity). Plays thereby an important role during viral infections by stimulating the activation and migration of immune cells to the infected sites (By similarity). Mechanistically, binding of CXCL10 to the CXCR3 receptor activates G protein-mediated signaling and results in downstream activation of phospholipase C-dependent pathway, an increase in intracellular calcium production and actin reorganization. In turn, recruitment of activated Th1 lymphocytes occurs at sites of inflammation (By similarity). Activation of the CXCL10/CXCR3 axis also plays an important role in neurons in response to brain injury for activating microglia, the resident macrophage population of the central nervous system, and directing them to the lesion site. This recruitment is an essential element for neuronal reorganization (By similarity) (PubMed:30257241, PubMed:30448292).

Subcellular Localization: Secreted .

6. Notes

- Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles to maintain protein stability and biological activity.
- Please specify special buffer-composition requirements at the time of order placement.
- For research use only. Not intended for clinical diagnosis, therapeutic use or commercial manufacturing.